

CASE STORY



THE CUSTOMER
Vestforbrænding,
Denmark's largest waste
and energy company.

THE CHALLENGE
Develop a new,
environmentally friendly
heating solution that
generates energy from waste
and reduces CO₂ emissions.

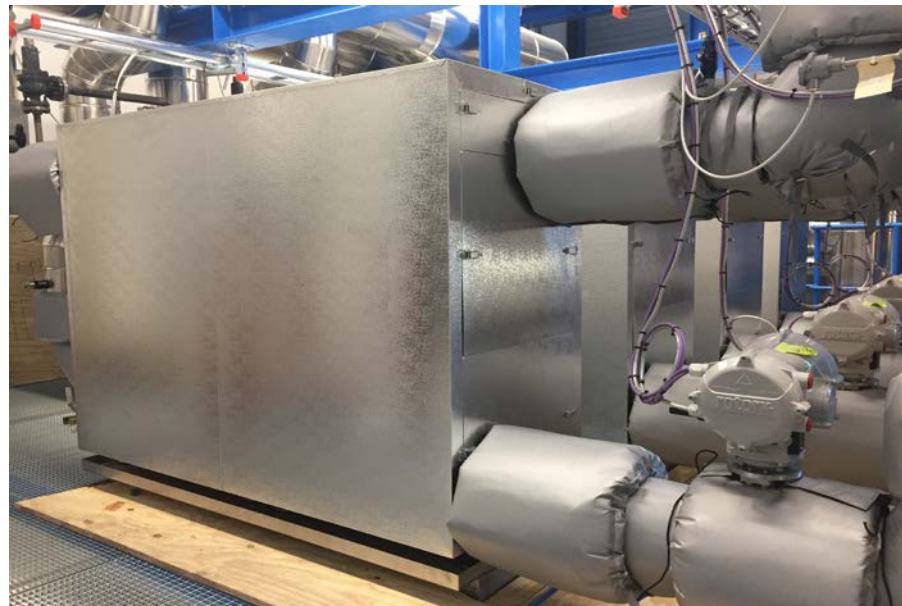
THE SOLUTION
Replace large natural gas
boilers with a district
heating system that increases
output by approximately
350,000 MWh/year.

THE HEAT EXCHANGERS
Eight (8) SWEP B649
brazed plate heat exchanger
units, each with the maximum
number of plates.

THE RESULTS
More heat and energy,
less waste and CO₂ – and a
highly profitable project.

Using waste to keep Copenhagen warm

30 years ago, the heating market was divided between natural gas and district heating networks. Today's market is dramatically different. Both consumers and producers are focused on reducing CO₂ emissions and turning waste into energy. With these goals in mind, Vestforbrænding asked Ramboll to prepare a heating strategy that would provide a low-cost solution that saves money for both the company and the community. Ramboll's research indicated that replacing large natural gas boilers with district heating networks could be highly profitable while also increasing heating capacity by approximately 350,000 MWh/year. The project they subsequently developed for Vestforbrænding generated a significant profit, with a return rate higher than 20%.



The role of SWEP BPHEs

As the world's leading manufacturer of brazed plate heat exchangers, SWEP was heavily involved in most aspects of the project and ultimately provided eight fully-loaded B649 brazed plate heat exchangers in a parallel design. In the installation, the BPHEs are arranged in four lines of 2 x B649 units. Each heat exchanger contains the maximum number of plates.

The units generally operate with 1-2 lines; but with all four lines operating, the units are capable of taking a full load of up to 51 MW when needed. The units transfer heat from Vestforbrænding I/S to Lyngby Kraftvärme A/S for distribution, via the storage tank, throughout the Danish Technology Institute (DTU) area. Because the system can also be run in reverse mode, it is possible for Lyngby Kraftvärme to sell surplus energy back to Vestforbrænding I/S. 80% of the energy produced from waste incineration at Vestforbrænding is turned into district heating. The remaining 20% becomes power.

Why choose SWEP?

Ramboll's goal was to design an efficient, environmentally friendly energy solution. That made SWEP brazed plate heat exchangers a sound choice for the project. As well as being extremely cost-effective, thanks to their high efficiency and small footprint, they also minimize the consumption of raw materials, whose extraction and processing have a high environmental impact.

Winning the contract to provide brazed plate heat exchangers for Vestforbrænding was a major breakthrough for SWEP. The contract was both reward and recognition for SWEP's careful preparation in defining the correct scope of supply, as well as for handling the detailed risk assessment with care and imagination.



More About Vestforbrænding

Vestforbrænding is Denmark's largest waste and energy company and is jointly owned by 19 municipalities in Zealand. They receive waste from companies, as well as from one million citizens, and work daily to ensure that the waste is treated in a manner that has the least impact on the climate and environment. The majority of the waste is sent for recycling. The rest is incinerated at their facility in Glostrup and used to produce electricity and district heating, which is primarily distributed via their own district heating network. They employ approximately 500 people across multiple locations.



SWEP brazed plate heat exchangers.